NAME

gvgen – generate graphs

SYNOPSIS

gvgen [**–dv?**] [**–i***n*] [**–c***n*] [**–C***x,y*] [**–g***[***f***]x,y*] [**–G***[***f***]x,y*] [**–h***n*] [**–k***n*] [**–b***x,y*] [**–B***x,y*] [**–m***n*] [**–M***x,y*] [**–p***n*] [**–r***x,y*] [**–R***x*] [**–s***n*] [**–S***n*] [**–S***n,d*] [**–t***n*] [**–t***d,n*] [**–T***x,y*] [**–T***x,y,u,v*] [**–w***n*] [**–n***prefix*] [**–N***name*] [**–o***outfile*]

DESCRIPTION

gvgen generates a variety of simple, regularly-structured abstract graphs.

OPTIONS

The following options are supported:

–c *n* Generate a cycle with *n* vertices and edges.

–C *x,y* Generate an *x* by *y* cylinder. This will have *x*y* vertices and *2*x*y - y* edges.

–g *[***f***]x,y*
Generate an *x* by *y* grid. If **f** is given, the grid is folded, with an edge attaching each pair of opposing corner vertices. This will have *x*y* vertices and *2*x*y - y - x* edges if unfolded and *2*x*y - y - x + 2* edges if folded.

–G *[***f***]x,y*
Generate an *x* by *y* partial grid. If **f** is given, the grid is folded, with an edge attaching each pair of opposing corner vertices. This will have *x*y* vertices.

–h *n* Generate a hypercube of degree *n*. This will have *2^n* vertices and *n*2^(n-1)* edges.

–k *n* Generate a complete graph on *n* vertices with *n*(n-1)/2* edges.

–b *x,y* Generate a complete *x* by *y* bipartite graph. This will have *x+y* vertices and *x*y* edges.

–B *x,y* Generate an *x* by *y* ball, i.e., an *x* by *y* cylinder with two "cap" nodes closing the ends. This will have *x*y + 2* vertices and *2*x*y + y* edges.

–m *n* Generate a triangular mesh with *n* vertices on a side. This will have *(n+1)*n/2* vertices and *3*(n-1)*n/2* edges.

–M *x,y* Generate an x by y Moebius strip. This will have *x*y* vertices and *2*x*y - y* edges.

–p *n* Generate a path on *n* vertices. This will have *n-1* edges.

–r *x,y* Generate a random graph. The number of vertices will be the largest value of the form *2^n-1* less than or equal to *x*. Larger values of *y* increase the density of the graph.

–R *x* Generate a random rooted tree on *x* vertices.

–s *n* Generate a star on *n* vertices. This will have *n-1* edges.

–S *n* Generate a Sierpinski graph of order *n*. This will have *3*(3^(n-1) + 1)/2* vertices and *3^n* edges.

–S *n,d* Generate a *d*-dimensional Sierpinski graph of order *n*. At present, *d* must be 2 or 3. For d equal to 3, there will be *4*(4^(n-1) + 1)/2* vertices and *6 * 4^(n-1)* edges.

–t *n* Generate a binary tree of height *n*. This will have *2^n-1* vertices and *2^n-2* edges.

–t *h,n* Generate a n-ary tree of height *h*.

–T *x,y*

–T *x,y,u,v*
Generate an *x* by *y* torus. This will have *x*y* vertices and *2*x*y* edges. If *u* and *v* are given, they specify twists of that amount in the horizontal and vertical directions, respectively.

–w *n* Generate a path on *n* vertices. This will have *n-1* edges.

−i *n* Generate *n* graphs of the requested type. At present, only available if the **−R** flag is used.

−n *prefix*
Normally, integers are used as node names. If *prefix* is specified, this will be prepended to the integer to create the name.

−N *name*
Use *name* as the name of the graph. By default, the graph is anonymous.

−o *outfile*
If specified, the generated graph is written into the file *outfile*. Otherwise, the graph is written to standard out.

−d Make the generated graph directed.

−v Verbose output.

−? Print usage information.

EXIT STATUS

gvgen exits with 0 on successful completion, and exits with 1 if given an ill-formed or incorrect flag, or if the specified output file could not be opened.

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SEE ALSO

gc(1), acyclic(1), gvpr(1), gvcolor(1), ccomps(1), sccmap(1), tred(1), libgraph(3)