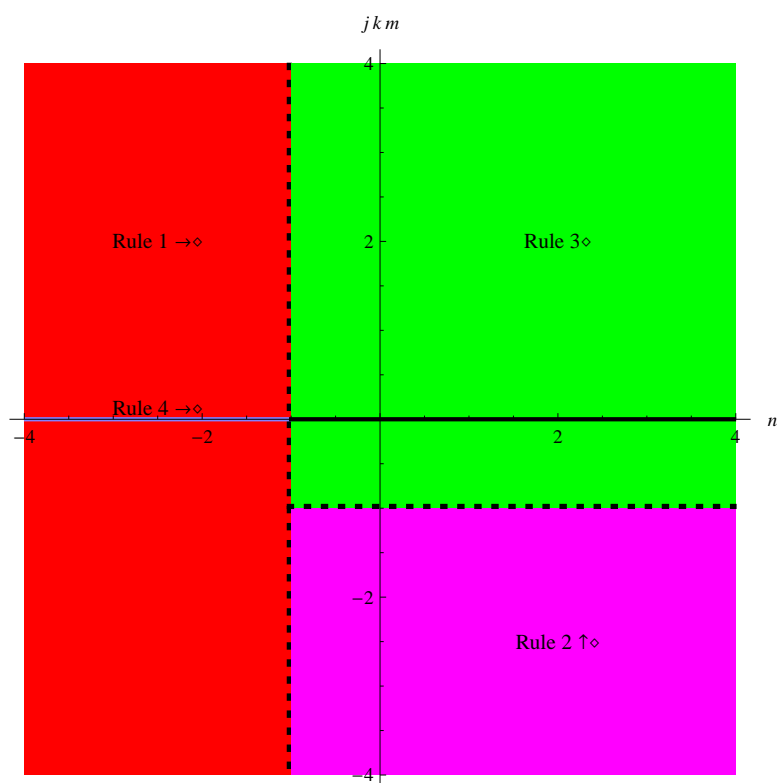


Integration Rules for

$$\int (\sin^j(z))^m (A + B \sin^k(z) + C \sin^{2k}(z)) (a + b \sin^k(z))^n dz \text{ when } j^2 = 1 \bigwedge k^2 = 1 \bigwedge a^2 = b^2$$

Domain Map



Legend:

- The rule number in a colored region indicates the rule to use for integrals in that region.
- The rule number next to a colored line indicates the rule to use for integrals on that line.
- A white region or line indicates there is no rule for integrals in that region or on that line.
- A solid black line indicates integrals on that line are handled by rules in another section.
- A dashed black line on the border of a region indicates integrals on that border are handled by the rule for that region.
- The arrow(s) following a rule number indicates the direction the rule drives integrands in the $n \times m$ exponent plane.
- A \diamond following a rule number indicates the rule transforms the integrand into a form handled by another section.
- A red (stop) disk indicates the terminal rule to use for the point at the center of the disk.
- A cyan disk indicates the non-terminal rule to use for the point at the center of the disk.

$$\text{Rule a: } \int \frac{A + B \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x] + C \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]^2}{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]} dx$$

■ **Derivation: Algebraic expansion**

■ **Basis:** $\frac{A+Bz+Cz^2}{a+bz} = \frac{A}{a} - \frac{z(bA-aB-aCz)}{a(a+bz)}$

■ **Note:** The rule for integrands of the same form when $a^2 - b^2 \neq 0$ could subsume this rule, but the resulting antiderivative will look less like the integrand involving sines instead of cosecants.

■ **Rule a:** If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{A + B \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x] + C \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]^2}{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]} dx \rightarrow \frac{A x}{a} + \frac{C}{b} \int \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x] dx - \frac{(bA - aB + bC)}{a} \int \frac{\operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]}{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(A_.+B_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^(-1)+C_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^(-2))/(a_+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^(-1)),x_Symbol]
  A*x/a +
  C/b*Int[sin[c+d*x]^(-1),x] -
  (b*A-a*B+b*C)/a*Int[sin[c+d*x]^(-1)/(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1)),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,C},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2]
```

```
Int[(A_.+C_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^(-2))/(a_+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^(-1)),x_Symbol] :=
  A*x/a + C/b*Int[sin[c+d*x]^(-1),x] -
  (b*A+b*C)/a*Int[sin[c+d*x]^(-1)/(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1)),x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,C},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2]
```

$$\text{Rule b: } \int \frac{A + B \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x] + C \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]}} dx$$

■ **Derivation:** Rule 3 with $m = 0$, $k = -1$ and $n = -\frac{1}{2}$

■ **Rule b:** If $a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int \frac{A + B \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x] + C \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]^2}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]}} dx \rightarrow -\frac{2 C \operatorname{Cot}[c + d x]}{d \sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]}} + \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{a A + (a B - b C) \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]}{\sqrt{a + b \operatorname{Csc}[c + d x]}} dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(A_.+B_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^(-1)+C_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^(-2))/Sqrt[a_.+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^(-1)],x_Symbol]
  -2*C*Cot[c+d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[c + d*x]]) +
  Dist[1/a,Int[Sim[a*A+(a*B-b*C)*sin[c+d*x]^(-1),x]/Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1)],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,C},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2]
```

```
Int[(A_+C_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^(-2))/Sqrt[a_.+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^(-1)],x_Symbol] :=
  -2*C*Cot[c+d*x]/(d*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[c + d*x]]) +
  Dist[1/a,Int[Sim[a*A-b*C*sin[c+d*x]^(-1),x]/Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1)],x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,C},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2]
```

$$\text{Rule c: } \int \frac{(\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m/2} (A+B \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx] + C \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]^2)}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]}} dx$$

■ Derivation: Rule 2 with $j m = \frac{1}{2}, k = -1$ and $n = -\frac{1}{2}$

■ Rule c: If $j^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge j m = \frac{1}{2}$, then

$$\int \frac{(\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m/2} (A+B \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx] + C \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]^2)}{\sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]}} dx \rightarrow$$

$$- \frac{2 A \cos[c+dx]}{d (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m/2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]}} - \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{b A - a B - a C \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]}{(\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m/2} \sqrt{a+b \operatorname{Csc}[c+dx]}} dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[(sin[c_+d_.*x_]^j_)^m_*(A_+B_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1)+C_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-2))/
  Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1)],x_Symbol] :=
-2*A*Cos[c+d*x]/(d*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[c+d*x]]) -
Dist[1/a,
  Int[Sim[b*A-a*B-a*C*sin[c+d*x]^(-1),x]/((sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1)]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,C},x] && OneQ[j^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[m] && j*m==1/2
```

```
Int[(sin[c_+d_.*x_]^j_)^m_*(A_+C_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-2))/Sqrt[a_+b_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^(-1)],x_Symb
-2*A*Cos[c+d*x]/(d*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*Sqrt[a+b*Csc[c+d*x]]) -
Dist[1/a,
  Int[Sim[b*A-a*C*sin[c+d*x]^(-1),x]/((sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*Sqrt[a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1)]),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,C},x] && OneQ[j^2] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[m] && j*m==1/2
```

$$\text{Rule 4: } \int (A + B \sin[c + d x]^k + C \sin[c + d x]^k) (a + b \sin[c + d x]^k)^n dx$$

■ Derivation: Recurrence 7 with $j = 0$ and $k = 1$ plus recurrence 7 with $A = 0, B = C$ and $j = k$

■ Rule 4a: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge n < -1$, then

$$\int (A + B \sin[c + d x] + C \sin[c + d x]^2) (a + b \sin[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(b(A + C) - aB) \cos[c + d x] (a + b \sin[c + d x])^n}{a d (2n + 1)} +$$

$$\frac{1}{a^2 (2n + 1)} \int (aA(n + 1) + n(bB - aC) + bC(2n + 1) \sin[c + d x]) (a + b \sin[c + d x])^{n+1} dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[(A_.+B_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]+C_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]^2)*(a_.+b_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  (b*(A+C)-a*B)*Cos[c+d*x]*(a+b*sin[c+d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n+1)) +
  Dist[1/(a^2*(2*n+1)),
    Int[Sim[a*A*(n+1)+n*(b*B-a*C)+b*C*(2*n+1)*sin[c+d*x],x]*(a+b*sin[c+d*x])^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,C},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[n] && n<-1
```

```
Int[(A_.+C_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]^2)*(a_.+b_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  b*(A+C)*Cos[c+d*x]*(a+b*sin[c+d*x])^n/(a*d*(2*n+1)) +
  Dist[1/(a^2*(2*n+1)),
    Int[Sim[a*A*(n+1)-a*C*n+b*C*(2*n+1)*sin[c+d*x],x]*(a+b*sin[c+d*x])^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,C},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[n] && n<-1
```

■ Derivation: Rule 1 with $m = 0$ and $k = -1$

■ Rule 4b: If $a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge n < -1$, then

$$\int (A + B \csc[c + d x] + C \csc[c + d x]^2) (a + b \csc[c + d x])^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(aB - b(A + C)) \cot[c + d x] (a + b \csc[c + d x])^n}{b d (2n + 1)} +$$

$$\frac{1}{a^2 (2n + 1)} \int (aA(2n + 1) + (bCn - (bA - aB)(n + 1)) \csc[c + d x]) (a + b \csc[c + d x])^{n+1} dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[(A_.+B_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]^(-1)+C_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]^(-2))*(a_.+b_.sin[c_.+d_.x_]^(-1))^n_,x_Symbol] :=
  (a*B-b*(A+C))*Cot[c+d*x]*(a+b*csc[c+d*x])^n/(b*d*(2*n+1)) +
  Dist[1/(a^2*(2*n+1)),
    Int[Sim[a*A*(2*n+1)+(b*C*n-(b*A-a*B)*(n+1))*sin[c+d*x]^(-1),x]*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1))^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,C},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[n] && n<-1
```

Integration Rules for $(\sin^j)^m (A+B \sin^k + C \sin^{2k}) (a+a \sin^k)^n$

```

Int[ (A_+.C_.*sin[c_+.d_.*x_]^(-2)) * (a_+b_.*sin[c_+.d_.*x_]^(-1))^n, x_Symbol] :=
- (A+C)*Cot[c+d*x]*(a+b*Csc[c+d*x])^n/(d*(2*n+1)) +
Dist[1/(a^2*(2*n+1)),
Int[Sim[a*A*(2*n+1)+(b*C*n-b*A*(n+1))*sin[c+d*x]^(-1),x]*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^(-1))^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,C},x] && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] && RationalQ[n] && n<-1

```

Rules 1 – 3: $\int (\sin[c + d x]^j)^m$

$$(A + B \sin[c + d x]^k + C \sin[c + d x]^{2k}) (a + b \sin[c + d x]^k)^n dx$$

■ Derivation: Algebraic simplification

■ Rule: If $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0$, then

$$\int (\sin[c + d x]^j)^m (B \sin[c + d x]^k + C \sin[c + d x]^{2k}) (a + b \sin[c + d x]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\int (\sin[c + d x]^j)^{m+jk} (B + C \sin[c + d x]^k) (a + b \sin[c + d x]^k)^n dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[(sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^j_.)^m_.*(B_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.+C_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k2_.)*
(a_+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)^n_,x_Symbol]:=
Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(B+C*sin[c+d*x]^k)*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n,x] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,B,C,m,n},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && k2==2*k && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2]
```

■ Derivation: Recurrence 12 plus recurrence 7 with $A = 0, B = C$ and $m = m + j k$

■ Rule 1: If $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge n \leq -1$, then

$$\int (\sin[c + d x]^j)^m (A + B \sin[c + d x]^k + C \sin[c + d x]^{2k}) (a + b \sin[c + d x]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(a B - b A - b C) \cos[c + d x] (\sin[c + d x]^j)^{m+jk} (a + b \sin[c + d x]^k)^n}{b d (2 n + 1)} +$$

$$\frac{1}{a^2 (2 n + 1)} \int (\sin[c + d x]^j)^m \cdot$$

$$\left(a A (2 n + 1) - (b B - a A - a C) \left(j k m + \frac{k + 1}{2} \right) + \right.$$

$$\left. (b C n - (b A - a B) (n + 1) + (a B - b A - b C) \left(j k m + \frac{k + 1}{2} \right) \right) \sin[c + d x]^k (a + b \sin[c + d x]^k)^{n+1} dx$$

■ Program code:

```
Int[(sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^j_.)^m_.*(A_+B_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.+C_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k2_.)*
(a_+b_.*sin[c_.+d_.*x_]^k_.)^n_,x_Symbol]:=
(a*B-b*A-b*C)*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n/(b*d*(2*n+1)) +
Dist[1/(a^2*(2*n+1)),
Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*
Sim[a*A*(2*n+1)-(b*B-a*A-a*C)*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)+
(b*C*n-(b*A-a*B)*(n+1)+(a*B-b*A-b*C)*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2))*sin[c+d*x]^k,x]
(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,C},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && k2==2*k && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] &&
RationalQ[m,n] && n<= -1
```

```

Int[ (sin[c_+d_.*x_]^j_)^m_.*(A_+C_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^k2_)*(a_+b_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^k_)^n_,x_Symbol
- (A+C)*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n/(d*(2*n+1)) +
Dist[1/(a^2*(2*n+1)),
Int[ (sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*
Sim[a*A*(2*n+1)+a*(A+C)*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)+
(b*C*n-b*A*(n+1)-b*(A+C)*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2))*sin[c+d*x]^k,x]*
(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^(n+1),x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,C},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && k2===2*k && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] &&
RationalQ[m,n] && n<=1

```

■ Derivation: Recurrence 11 with B = 0

■ Rule 2: If $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge j k m < -1 \wedge n > -1$, then

$$\int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^m (A+B \sin[c+dx]^k + C \sin[c+dx]^{2k}) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow \\
 \frac{A \cos[c+dx] (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk} (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n}{d (j k m + \frac{k+1}{2})} + \frac{1}{a (j k m + \frac{k+1}{2})} \int (\sin[c+dx]^j)^{m+jk} \cdot \\
 \left(a B \left(j k m + \frac{k+1}{2} \right) - b A n + a \left(A (n+1) + (A+C) \left(j k m + \frac{k+1}{2} \right) \right) \sin[c+dx]^k \right) (a+b \sin[c+dx]^k)^n dx$$

■ Program code:

```

Int[ (sin[c_+d_.*x_]^j_)^m_.*(A_+B_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^k_+C_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^k2_)*
(a_+b_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^k_)^n_,x_Symbol] :=
A*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n/(d*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)) +
Dist[1/(a*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)),
Int[ (sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*
Sim[a*B*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)-b*A*n+a*(A*(n+1)+(A+C)*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2))*sin[c+d*x]^k,x]*
(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,C},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && k2===2*k && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] &&
RationalQ[m,n] && j*k*m<-1 && n>-1

```

```

Int[ (sin[c_+d_.*x_]^j_)^m_.*(A_+C_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^k2_)*(a_+b_.*sin[c_+d_.*x_]^k_)^n_,x_Symbol
A*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n/(d*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)) +
Dist[1/(a*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)),
Int[ (sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*
Sim[-b*A*n+a*(A*(n+1)+(A+C)*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2))*sin[c+d*x]^k,x]*
(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n,x]] /;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,C},x] && OneQ[j^2,k^2] && k2===2*k && ZeroQ[a^2-b^2] &&
RationalQ[m,n] && j*k*m<-1 && n>-1

```


■ **Derivation:** Recurrence 8 with $A = 0, B = C$ and $m = m + jk$

■ **Rule 3:** If $j^2 = k^2 = 1 \wedge a^2 - b^2 = 0 \wedge jkm + n + \frac{k+3}{2} \neq 0 \wedge jkm \geq -1 \wedge n > -1$, then

$$\int (\sin[c + dx]^j)^m (A + B \sin[c + dx]^k + C \sin[c + dx]^{2k}) (a + b \sin[c + dx]^k)^n dx \rightarrow$$

$$- \frac{C \cos[c + dx] (\sin[c + dx]^j)^{m+jk} (a + b \sin[c + dx]^k)^n}{d (jkm + n + \frac{k+3}{2})} + \frac{1}{a (jkm + n + \frac{k+3}{2})} \int (\sin[c + dx]^j)^m \cdot$$

$$\left(a A (n+1) + a (A+C) \left(jkm + \frac{k+1}{2} \right) + \left(b C n + a B \left(jkm + n + \frac{k+3}{2} \right) \right) \sin[c + dx]^k \right) (a + b \sin[c + dx]^k)^n dx$$

■ **Program code:**

```
Int[(sin[c_+d_*x_]^j_)^m_.*(A_+B_*sin[c_+d_*x_]^k_+C_*sin[c_+d_*x_]^(2k_))*
(a_+b_*sin[c_+d_*x_]^(k_))^n_,x_Symbol]:=
-C*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*Ssin[c+d*x]^k)^n/(d*(j*k*m+n+(k+3)/2))+
Dist[1/(a*(j*k*m+n+(k+3)/2)),
Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*
Sim[a*A*(n+1)+a*(A+C)*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)+(b*C*n+a*B*(j*k*m+n+(k+3)/2))*sin[c+d*x]^k,x]*
(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n,x]]/;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,B,C},x]&&OneQ[j^2,k^2]&&k2===2*k&&ZeroQ[a^2-b^2]&&
RationalQ[m,n]&&NonzeroQ[j*k*m+n+(k+3)/2]&&j*k*m>=-1&&n>=-1
```

```
Int[(sin[c_+d_*x_]^j_)^m_.*(A_+C_*sin[c_+d_*x_]^(2k_))*(a_+b_*sin[c_+d_*x_]^(k_))^n_,x_Symbol]:=
-C*Cos[c+d*x]*(Sin[c+d*x]^j)^(m+j*k)*(a+b*Ssin[c+d*x]^k)^n/(d*(j*k*m+n+(k+3)/2))+
Dist[1/(a*(j*k*m+n+(k+3)/2)),
Int[(sin[c+d*x]^j)^m*
Sim[a*A*(n+1)+a*(A+C)*(j*k*m+(k+1)/2)+b*C*n*sin[c+d*x]^k,x]*
(a+b*sin[c+d*x]^k)^n,x]]/;
FreeQ[{a,b,c,d,A,C},x]&&OneQ[j^2,k^2]&&k2===2*k&&ZeroQ[a^2-b^2]&&
RationalQ[m,n]&&NonzeroQ[j*k*m+n+(k+3)/2]&&j*k*m>=-1&&n>=-1
```